ADVANCED SIMULATION CAPABILITIES TO ASSESS PRE-AND-POST FIRE WATER QUALITY AND SURFACE WATER-GROUNDWATER INTERACTIONS

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Wine Country Fires, October 2017



Oct. 2017: Launched the Pre/Post-Fire Sonoma County Water Quality Monitoring Program



About the Lab

Leadership/Organization

Calendar

Santa Rosa, Oct. 8, 2017 Santa

A burned home

Santá Rosa, Oct. 9, 2017

NEWS CENTER

Research Becomes Reality in Study of Fire Impact on Sonoma Water Resources

Berkeley Lab analyzes how Sonoma County Water Agency's riverbank filtration system is responding to wildfire

News Release Julie Chao (510) 486-6491 • NOVEMBER 20, 2017





Berkeley Lab researchers, including Michelle Newcomer (right), are collaborating with USGS and the Sonoma County Water Agency to study how the water resources respond to extreme events such as fire. (Photos courtesy Michelle Newcomer)

www.lbl.gov/press/news



Launching the Sonoma County Water Quality Sampling Program

- Measure: Assess potential impacts across the watershed resulting from the recent wildfire activity in Sonoma, Napa, and Marin Counties
- Model: Develop a flow/reactive transport model to assess the impact to surface water and groundwater quality
- Simulate: Site response to fire inputs and future extreme precipitation events



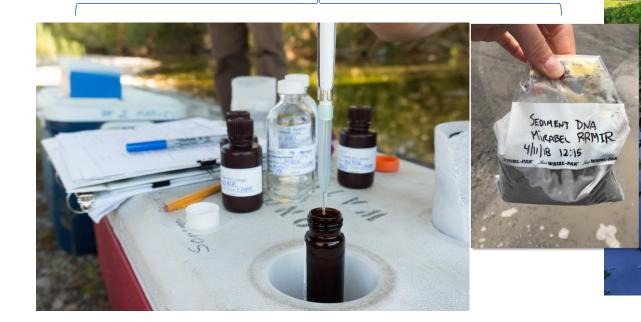


Physical Variables: Temperature, Infiltration, Sediment GSD, river discharge



Sediment Cryocores (Pore-Water Chemistry)

Chemical + Biological Variables: DOC, Fe, metals, Cations, Anions, DTN-Other N, biofilms, DNA, Mercury



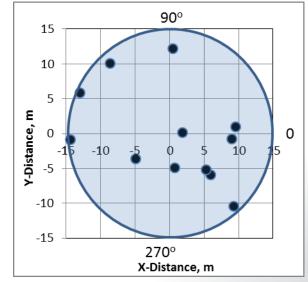
Ash Sampling

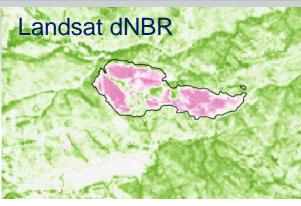
Collect bulk ash samples

- Where: Pepperwood, McCullough Ranch, Shiloh
 - HREC Research Center
- Purpose: Ash leachate experiments, column, field
- Collect from low, moderate, and high burn severity
- Classified with Landsat dNBR
- Potential for high DOC and mercury from ash leachate

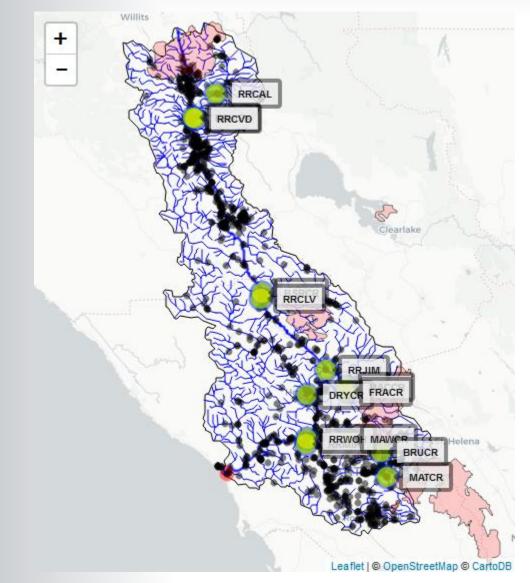


Random sampling grid



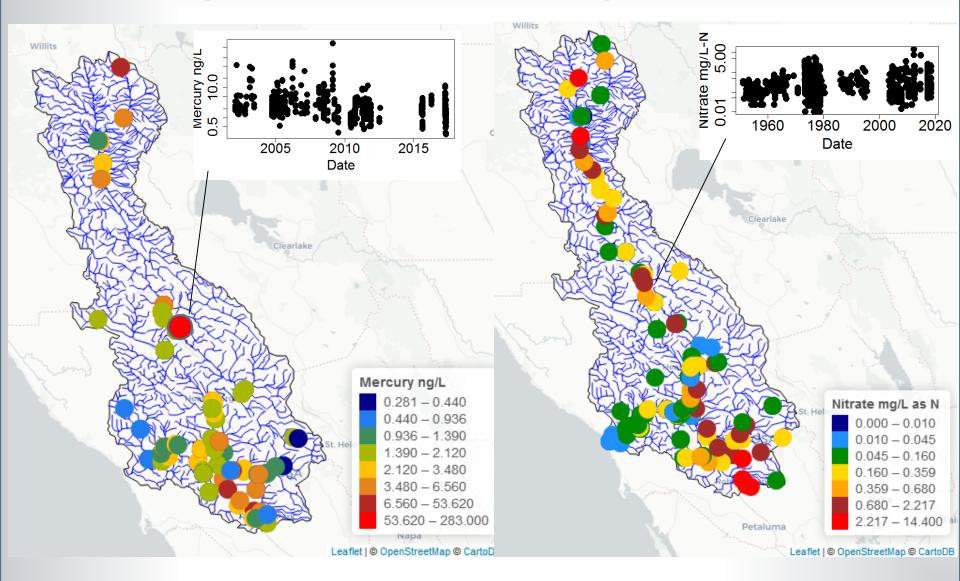


Wet-Season, Dry-Season, and Storm-Based Analysis Across the Russian River Watershed



- Characterize prepost-fire water quality by the drainage unit of each sample site
- Challenge of how to analyze data relative to the tributaries and creeks draining to that particular site (a function of upstream inputs)
- Need linked network index

Historical Mercury, Nitrate etc. (Spatial and Temporal Time Series)



BLEND Workshop #CAWaterDataChallenge

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- WQ Analysis, Trends, %Changes Applied on a Local, Watershed, State and National Scale (Newcomer in dev, Nat Geosci, 2018)
- Jupyter Notebook with R Kernel (binder materials https://sites.google.com/l bl.gov/lbnlcawaterdatach allenge)



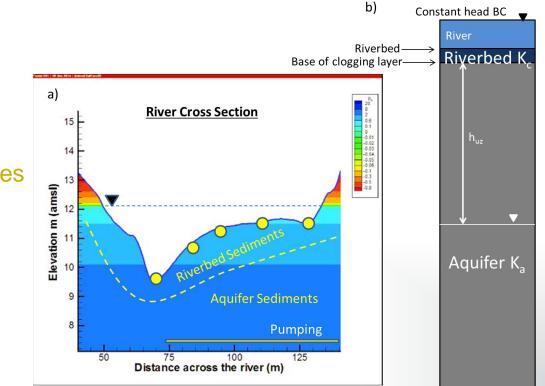
BLEND Workshop (LBNL, Feb. 2018)



Leaflet | OpenStreetMap O CartoDB

Reaction, Mineral, Microbial Network • 1D, 2D, 3D model for Wohler

- Compare modeled microbes against measured:
 - DNA extracts for QPCR for methyl mercury, iron reducing and sulfate reducing bacteria
- Inclusions of new minerals (Ferrihydrite, Goethite, Alumino-silicates, Manganese-Oxides)
- 2012 ERT inversions for sediment-facies training images



Aerobic RespirationAerobic microbes

Nitrification

- Nitrifying microbes
- Denitrification
 - Denitrifying microbes
- Fe(III) Reduction
 - Iron reducing microbes
- Sulfate Reduction
 - Sulfate reducing microbes
- Methanogenesis
 - Metanogenic microbes
- Methyl mercury
 - Methylizing microbes

O Locations of interest for model output analysis









Thank You

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